

## VI Semester B.Com. Examination, August/September 2023 (CBCS) (2022 – 23 and Onwards) (Freshers) COMMERCE

Paper – 6.5 : Accounting : Business Taxation

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

### SECTION - A

- Answer any five of the following sub-questions. Each sub-question carries (5×2=10)
  - a) What is Minimum Alternative Tax?
  - b) Mention any two advantages of limited liability partnership.
  - c) Expand the terms CBIC and BCD.
  - d) Define partnership.
  - e) What is customs duty ?
  - f) What is E-filing?
  - g) What is double taxation ?

### SECTION – B

Answer any three from the following. Each question carries five marks. (3×5=15)

- 2. What are the various types of customs duty ?
- 3. A, B and C are partners sharing profits and losses equally carrying on the business. The firm's net profit is ₹ 15,00,000.
  - a) Salary to A = ₹ 1,50,000, B = ₹ 1,00,000 and C = ₹ 2,00,000.
  - b) Commission to A = ₹ 50,000, B = ₹ 40,000 and C = ₹ 60,000. Calculate remuneration allowable u/s 40(b).
- 4. Mr. Das has estimated the following incomes for the financial year 2021 22.
  - a) Income from house property ₹ 75,000.
  - b) Income from profession ₹ 7,07,500.
  - c) Dividend from Archita Limited ₹ 10,000.

Calculate the amount of advance tax payable in various instalments during the financial year 2021 - 22.

5. A block of assets consists of 5 machines. The WDV of machinery as on 1-4-2021 is ₹ 1,80,000, rate of depreciation is 15%. A new machine costing ₹ 1,60,000 was acquired on May 2021 but actually put to use only on 10-10-2021. Two old machines are sold for ₹ 3,20,000 in the year 2021 – 22. Determine the amount of depreciation for the assessment year 2022 – 23.

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- a) Discount allowed.
- b) Annual listing fees paid towards stock exchange by a company.
- c) LIC premium on director and his family member's life.
- d) Payment of licence fee for obtaining franchisee.
- e) Depreciation of ₹ 40,000 is debited to Profit and Loss account of Sri Ganesh Temple which was constructed inside the factory premises for the benefit of employees of the company.

### SECTION - C

Answer any three from the following. Each question carries twelve marks. (3×12=36)

- 7. An importer has imported a machine from USA at FOB cost of 20000\$. Other details are as follows. Find out the customs duty.
  - Freight from USA to Indian port 1000\$
  - Insurance was paid to insurer in India ₹ 8,000
  - Design and development charges of 3000\$ were paid to consultancy firm in USA
  - The importer also spent an amount of ₹ 50,000 in India for development work connected with the machinery
  - ₹ 15,000 were spent in transporting the machinery from Indian port to the factory of importer
  - Rate of exchange as announced by RBI was 1\$ = ₹ 80.75, Rate of exchange as announced by CBIC by notification 1\$ = ₹ 80.70, Rate at which bank recovered the amount from importer 1\$ = ₹ 80.35
  - Foreign exporter has an agent in India. Commission is payable to the agent in India @ 5% of FOB price
  - Custom duty payable was 10%, SWS as applicable and IGST 12%.
- 8. The following is the Profit and Loss account of XYZ firm. Calculate taxable income and tax liability of the partnership firm.

# Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31<sup>et</sup> March 2022

Remunerations to Partners	Sales 5,0	00,000
X = 25,000	Income from house property	50,000
Y = 30,000		
Z = 40,000 95,00	0	

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Interest on capital @ 14%	
X = 14,000	
Y = 21,000	
Z = 7,000	42,000
Expenses of other heads	
Income	6,000
Net Profit	4,07,000
	5,50,000

# 5,50,000

- 9. From the following details, compute TDS amount of each transaction.
  - <sup>3</sup> a) Winning from lottery ₹ 1,00,000.
    - b) Dividend from listed company ₹ 50,000.
    - c) Mr. Sanju, agent of LIC earned a commission of ₹ 20,000.
    - d) Rent paid on building ₹ 48,000 per month.
    - e) LIC amount paid to the policy holder by a company on maturity ₹ 4,00,000.
    - f) Interest on bank deposit ₹ 20,000.
    - g) Withdraw of premature employee provident fund ₹ 53,000 without furnishing PAN.
    - h) Winning from horse race ₹ 8,000.
    - i) Compensation for acquisition of land ₹ 2,60,000.
    - j) Payment to an individual contractor whose total payment during the financial year is ₹ 1,50,000.
- 10. Compute total income of Mrudula Limited for the previous year 2021 22 from the following Profit and Loss Account.

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;	Salaries	25,000	Gross Profit	2,50,000
	Bonus from Government	25,000	Interest from Govt. securities	5,000
	Postage and stationery	15,000	STCG	7,500
	General expenses	10,000	100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100	
	Depreciation	12,500		
	Income tax	25,000		
	Provision for income tax	1,00,000		
01	Net Profit	50,000		
		2,62,500	1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 1	2,62,500

### Additional Information :

- a) The amount of depreciation admissible under the Income Tax Act is ₹ 7,500.
- b) General expenses includes ₹ 2,500 for advertising, ₹ 1,000 for charitable donation, ₹ 1,500 paid for exchanging old car for new one, ₹ 2,500 for repairs.

	₹	000	3
Cost of goods sold	20,00,000	Sales	28,00,000
STT of LTCG	6,000	LTCG u/s 10(38)	3,00,000
Depreciation	1,70,000	Interest on Govt. Securities	30,000
Proposed dividend	2,60,000	있다. 이 가 있다. 	00,000
Income tax	1,20,000	(1997), (1997) (1997), (1997)	
Net Profit	5,74,000	allovaring details, and parte TUS	11.
	31,30,000	Three lates of the weight of the	
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# Additional Information : 2000 00 - 0 5 data testal most brok

- a) Depreciation allowable under the Income Tax Act is ₹1,00,000.
- b) Brought forward loss as per books of accounts is ₹ 2,50,000.
- c) Brought forward depreciation as per books of accounts ₹ 60,000.
- d) Brought forward unabsorbed depreciation as per Income Tax ₹ 1,10,000.

### Calculate :

- A service of the second s a) Total income of the company.
- b) Book profit of the company as per Section 115 JB.
- c) Tax liability.

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 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

Answer any one of the following question. Each question carries nine marks. (1×9=9)

12. Explain any three methods of valuation of assessable value for customs.

Work Link

#### OR

Explain any three types of companies.

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- 1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದೇ ಐದು ಉಪ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಉಪ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯು ಎರಡು ಅಂಕಗಳನ್ನು
  - a) ಕನಿಷ್ಠ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ತೆರಿಗೆ ಎಂದರೇನು ?
  - b) ಸೀಮಿತ ಹೊಣೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಪಾಲುದಾರಿಕೆಯ ಯಾವುದೇ ಎರಡು ಪ್ರಯೋಜನಗಳನ್ನು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖಿಸಿ.
  - c) CBIC ಮತ್ತು BCD ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಿ.
  - d) ಪಾಲುದಾರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ.

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